

United States Bankruptcy Court
Middle District of Pennsylvania

In re:
David Dillon Thompson
Debtor

Case No. 22-02421-MJC
Chapter 13

CERTIFICATE OF NOTICE

District/off: 0314-5
Date Rcvd: Mar 21, 2025

User: AutoDocket
Form ID: 3180W

Page 1 of 2
Total Noticed: 7

The following symbols are used throughout this certificate:

Symbol	Definition
+	Addresses marked '+' were corrected by inserting the ZIP, adding the last four digits to complete the zip +4, or replacing an incorrect ZIP. USPS regulations require that automation-compatible mail display the correct ZIP.

Notice by first class mail was sent to the following persons/entities by the Bankruptcy Noticing Center on Mar 23, 2025:

Recip ID	Recipient Name and Address
db	+ David Dillon Thompson, 1703 Country Club Apartments, Dallas, PA 18612-8609
5519841	M&T BANK, PO Box 1508, Buffalo, NY 14240
5511555	+ QL Titling Trust Ltd, 9830 Bauer Drive, Carmel IN 46280-1972

TOTAL: 3

Notice by electronic transmission was sent to the following persons/entities by the Bankruptcy Noticing Center.

Electronic transmission includes sending notices via email (Email/text and Email/PDF), and electronic data interchange (EDI). Electronic transmission is in Eastern Standard Time.

Recip ID	Notice Type: Email Address	Date/Time	Recipient Name and Address
5511553	EDI: DISCOVER	Mar 21 2025 22:38:00	Discover Bank, PO Box 15316, Wilmington DE 19850
5520127	+ EDI: DISCOVER	Mar 21 2025 22:38:00	Discover Bank/Discover Products Inc., P.O. Box 3025, New Albany OH 43054-3025
5511554	Email/Text: camanagement@mtb.com	Mar 21 2025 18:40:00	M&T Bank, 1 Fountain Plaza 4th Floor, Buffalo NY 14203
5511556	+ EDI: TDBANKNORTH.COM	Mar 21 2025 22:38:00	TD Bank, 200 Carolina Point Parkway, Greenville SC 29607-5766

TOTAL: 4

BYPASSED RECIPIENTS

The following addresses were not sent this bankruptcy notice due to an undeliverable address, *duplicate of an address listed above, *P duplicate of a preferred address, or ## out of date forwarding orders with USPS.

NONE

NOTICE CERTIFICATION

I, Gustava Winters, declare under the penalty of perjury that I have sent the attached document to the above listed entities in the manner shown, and prepared the Certificate of Notice and that it is true and correct to the best of my information and belief.

Meeting of Creditor Notices only (Official Form 309): Pursuant to Fed .R. Bank. P.2002(a)(1), a notice containing the complete Social Security Number (SSN) of the debtor(s) was furnished to all parties listed. This official court copy contains the redacted SSN as required by the bankruptcy rules and the Judiciary's privacy policies.

Date: Mar 23, 2025

Signature: /s/Gustava Winters

CM/ECF NOTICE OF ELECTRONIC FILING

The following persons/entities were sent notice through the court's CM/ECF electronic mail (Email) system on March 21, 2025 at the address(es) listed below:

District/off: 0314-5
Date Rcvd: Mar 21, 2025

User: AutoDocke
Form ID: 3180W

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Name	Email Address
Denise E. Carlon	on behalf of Creditor QL Tilting Trust LTD/Quality Leasing Co. Inc. bkgroup@kmlawgroup.com bkgroup@kmlawgroup.com
Denise E. Carlon	on behalf of Creditor J. WARD HOLLIDAY & ASSOCIATES P.C. bkgroup@kmlawgroup.com, bkgroup@kmlawgroup.com
Jack N Zaharopoulos	TWecf@pamd13trustee.com
John Fisher	on behalf of Debtor 1 David Dillon Thompson johnvfisher@yahoo.com fisherlawoffice@yahoo.com
United States Trustee	ustpreion03.ha.ecf@usdoj.gov
TOTAL: 5	

Information to identify the case:

Debtor 1

David Dillon Thompson

First Name Middle Name Last Name

Social Security number or ITIN xxx-xx-7615

EIN --

Debtor 2

(Spouse, if filing)

First Name Middle Name Last Name

Social Security number or ITIN

EIN --

United States Bankruptcy Court Middle District of Pennsylvania

Case number: 5:22-bk-02421-MJC

12/18

Order of Discharge**IT IS ORDERED:** A discharge under 11 U.S.C. § 1328(a) is granted to:

David Dillon Thompson

3/21/25**By the
court:**Mark J. Conway, United States
Bankruptcy Judge**Explanation of Bankruptcy Discharge in a Chapter 13 Case**

This order does not close or dismiss the case.

Creditors cannot collect discharged debts

This order means that no one may make any attempt to collect a discharged debt from the debtors personally. For example, creditors cannot sue, garnish wages, assert a deficiency, or otherwise try to collect from the debtors personally on discharged debts. Creditors cannot contact the debtors by mail, phone, or otherwise in any attempt to collect the debt personally. Creditors who violate this order can be required to pay debtors damages and attorney's fees.

However, a creditor with a lien may enforce a claim against the debtors' property subject to that lien unless the lien was avoided or eliminated. For example, a creditor may have the right to foreclose a home mortgage or repossess an automobile.

This order does not prevent debtors from paying any debt voluntarily. 11 U.S.C. § 524(f).

Most debts are discharged

Most debts are covered by the discharge, but not all. Generally, a discharge removes the debtors' personal liability for debts provided for by the chapter 13 plan.

In a case involving community property: Special rules protect certain community property owned by the debtor's spouse, even if that spouse did not file a bankruptcy case.

Some debts are not discharged

Examples of debts that are not discharged are:

- ◆ debts that are domestic support obligations;
- ◆ debts for most student loans;
- ◆ debts for certain types of taxes specified in 11 U.S.C. §§ 507(a)(8)(C), 523(a)(1)(B), or 523(a)(1)(C) to the extent not paid in full under the plan;

For more information, see page 2>

- ◆ debts that the bankruptcy court has decided or will decide are not discharged in this bankruptcy case;
- ◆ debts for restitution, or a criminal fine, included in a sentence on debtor's criminal conviction;
- ◆ some debts which the debtors did not properly list;
- ◆ debts provided for under 11 U.S.C. § 1322(b)(5) and on which the last payment or other transfer is due after the date on which the final payment under the plan was due;
- ◆ debts for certain consumer purchases made after the bankruptcy case was filed if obtaining the trustee's prior approval of incurring the debt was practicable but was not obtained;

- ◆ debts for restitution, or damages, awarded in a civil action against the debtor as a result of malicious or willful injury by the debtor that caused personal injury to an individual or the death of an individual; and
- ◆ debts for death or personal injury caused by operating a vehicle while intoxicated.

In addition, this discharge does not stop creditors from collecting from anyone else who is also liable on the debt, such as an insurance company or a person who cosigned or guaranteed a loan.

This information is only a general summary of a chapter 13 discharge; some exceptions exist. Because the law is complicated, you should consult an attorney to determine the exact effect of the discharge in this case.